

1. IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO SEE THE ROAD AHEAD WHILE DRIVING THROUGH HEAVY RAIN OR FOG, AND YOUR WIPERS DO NOT HELP, YOU SHOULD:

- a. Turn on your high-beams and continue driving
- b. Pull off the road completely until visibility improves**
- c. Slow down and continue driving
- d. Slow down, turn your emergency lights on and continue driving



2. THIS SIGN MEANS:

- a. Don't drink if you are going to drive
- b. Slippery when wet**
- c. Road curves ahead
- d. You are approaching a hill

3. ON THE INTERSECTION, IF YOU SEE A GREEN ARROW POINTING TO THE LEFT, YOU CAN:

- a. Go in any direction
- b. Make a protected turn left**
- c. Make a turn left or go straight
- d. Turn left only if there are no vehicles coming in the opposite direction

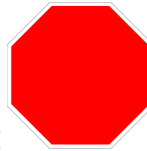
4. THE ROAD EDGE ON THE RIGHT SIDE IS MARKED BY A _____ LINE

- a. Broken white
- b. Solid yellow
- c. Solid white**
- d. Broken yellow

5. FOLLOWING CLOSELY BEHIND ANOTHER VEHICLE:

- a. Helps you avoid other drivers' blind spots
- b. Is a common cause of rear-end accidents**

- c. Increases fuel efficiency
 - d. Is part of the standard driving test
6. WHEN YOU COME TO A CORNER WITH A STOP SIGN, YOU SHOULD FIRST STOP:
- a. Far enough to see cross traffic
 - b. After crossing a crosswalk or limit line
 - c. Behind the crosswalk or limit line**
 - d. At least five feet away from the stop sign



7. WHEN YOU SEE THIS SIGN, YOU MUST:
- a. Stop completely, check for pedestrians, and cross traffic**
 - b. Slow down without coming to a complete stop
 - c. Stop completely and wait for a green light
 - d. Slow down and check for traffic
8. YOU WANT TO PARK DOWNHILL ON A TWO-WAY ROAD AND THERE IS NO CURB. WHICH WAY DO YOU TURN YOUR FRONT WHEELS?
- a. Left
 - b. Right**
 - c. So they face straight ahead
 - d. Away from the curb
9. TAILGATING OTHER DRIVERS:
- a. Cannot result in a traffic citation
 - b. Can frustrate other drivers and make them angry**
 - c. Reduces accidents by preventing you from being cut off
 - d. Helps fight traffic congestion
10. YOU SEE A CAR APPROACHING FROM THE REAR, BUT WHEN YOU CHECK YOUR MIRROR AGAIN BEFORE CHANGING LANES, YOU NO LONGER SEE IT. YOU SHOULD:
- a. Turn your signal on and change lanes slowly

- b. Look over your shoulder to be sure the car is not in your blind spot**
 - c. Signal, honk your horn, and change lanes slowly
 - d. Accelerate to change lanes quicker
- 11. Which of the following substances can affect the ability to drive?
 - a. Alcohol
 - b. tranquilizers, marijuana and sedatives
 - c. cough syrups and cold tablets containing codeine or antihistamines
 - d. all of the above**
- 12. SEAT BELTS CAN BE MOST EFFECTIVE AS INJURY PREVENTIVE DEVICES WHEN THEY ARE WORN BY
 - a. The person driving the car.
 - b. Passengers when they are on a long drive.
 - c. All occupants of a car being driven on an expressway.
 - d. Passengers and the driver whenever they are in the car.**
- 13. LANES OF TRAFFIC MOVING IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION ARE DIVIDED BY ____ LINES.
 - a. White
 - b. Red
 - c. Black
 - d. Yellow**
- 14. DURING THE FIRST 12 MONTHS AFTER YOU ARE LICENSED, YOU MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY YOUR PARENT OR GUARDIAN IF YOU:
 - a. Drive between the hours of 5 a.m. and 11 p.m.
 - b. Transport minors between the hours of 11 p.m. and 5 a.m.**
 - c. Transport adults between the hours of 5 a.m. and midnight
 - d. Drive on a highway between the hours of 5 a.m. and 11 p.m.
- 15. YOU MUST SHOW PROOF OF INSURANCE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT:

- a. **If you are involved in an accident or stopped for a citation**
 - b. Only if you are involved in an accident
 - c. Unless your vehicle has a net worth of less than \$500
 - d. Only if are you are stopped for a citation
- 16. YOU MUST YIELD THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AT AN INTERSECTION TO:
 - a. **The car in the intersection**
 - b. The car on your right
 - c. The car in the opposite lane of traffic
 - d. The car on your left
- 17. WHAT IS A COMMON FACTOR IN THE TRAFFIC DEATHS OF TEENAGE DRIVERS?
 - a. Slow reflexes
 - b. Fear of taking risks
 - c. **Lack of driving skill**
 - d. Driving too slow
- 18. WHEN IT IS VERY FOGGY, YOU SHOULD SLOW DOWN AND TURN ON YOUR:
 - a. Low-beam lights
 - b. **High-beam lights**
 - c. Emergency flashers
 - d. Windshield wipers
- 19. IF YOU HAVE AN ACCIDENT, THE LAW REQUIRES YOU TO EXCHANGE YOUR DRIVER'S LICENSE INFORMATION WITH:
 - a. **Others involved in the accident**
 - b. Security guards
 - c. Firefighters
 - d. Law enforcement
- 20. IF YOU HAVE TROUBLE SEEING OTHER VEHICLES BECAUSE OF DUST, PRECIPITATION OR SMOKE BLOWING ACROSS THE ROADWAY, YOU SHOULD DRIVE SLOWER AND TURN ON YOUR:
 - a. Parking lights

- b. Interior lights
- c. Headlights**
- d. Emergency lights



21. THIS SIGN MEANS THAT:
- a. A community service group is picking up trash along the highway ahead
 - b. Workers are on or very close to the road in the work zone ahead**
 - c. Children are at play ahead
 - d. There is a pedestrian crosswalk ahead
22. IF YOU ARE DRIVING ON A ROAD WITH ONLY ONE LANE IN EACH DIRECTION AND YOU WANT TO PASS, BUT A CURVE AHEAD BLOCKS YOUR VIEW, YOU MUST:
- a. Not pass the other vehicle**
 - b. Signal longer than five seconds to pass safely
 - c. Increase your speed to pass safely
 - d. Honk your horn to make other drivers slow down
23. YOU ARE DRIVING 55 MPH IN THE FAR LEFT (FAST) LANE OF A FREEWAY POSTED FOR 65 MPH. YOU SHOULD BE CITED FOR DRIVING TOO SLOWLY:
- a. If the road or weather conditions warrant driving this slowly
 - b. If you block the normal and reasonable flow of traffic**
 - c. Under no circumstances because it is always safer to drive slower than other traffic
24. IF YOU ARE DRIVING BEHIND A MOTORCYCLE, YOU MUST:
- a. Allow the motorcycle to use a complete lane**
 - b. Drive on the shoulder beside the motorcycle
 - c. Allow the motorcycle to use only half a lane

- d. Pass in the same lane where the motorcycle is driving
25. WHEN APPROACHING ANOTHER VEHICLE FROM THE REAR AT NIGHT, YOU MUST DIM YOUR BRIGHT HEADLIGHTS WITHIN:
- a. 100 feet of the other vehicle
 - b. 200 feet of the other vehicle
 - c. 300 feet of the other vehicle**
 - d. 600 feet of the other vehicle



26. THIS SIGN MEANS:
- a. Pedestrians only
 - b. Intersection ahead
 - c. Hiking trails ahead
 - d. School crossing ahead**
27. TO TURN RIGHT ONTO A TWO-WAY STREET FROM A TWO-WAY STREET, START IN THE RIGHT LANE AND END IN:
- a. The left lane
 - b. The lane closest to the curb**
 - c. Any lane that is available
 - d. All of the above
28. IT IS ILLEGAL FOR A PERSON UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE TO DRIVE WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION (BAC) THAT IS _____ OR MORE.
- a. 0.01% - One hundredth of one percent**
 - b. 0.04% - Two hundredths of one percent
 - c. 0.05% - Five hundredths of one percent
 - d. 0.08% - Eight hundredths of one percent
29. DRIVERS WHO EAT AND DRINK WHILE DRIVING:

- a. Have no driving errors
 - b. Have trouble driving slow
 - c. Are better drivers because they are not hungry
 - d. Have trouble controlling their vehicles**
30. SHOULD YOU DRIVE SLOWER THAN OTHER TRAFFIC THAT IS TRAVELING WITHIN THE SPEED LIMIT?
- a. Yes. It makes the other traffic drive slower, too
 - b. No. You can block traffic when you drive too slowly**
 - c. Yes. It is safer than driving too fast
 - d. Yes, provided you are not driving in the far left lane
31. How should children who are 6 years old be positioned in motor vehicles?
- a. In the front seat, within reach of an adult driver
 - b. In the front seat, secured by a seatbelt or child seat
 - c. In the back seat, out of view of the driver
 - d. In the back seat, secured by a seatbelt or child restraint seat**
32. WHAT IS THE ONLY EFFECTIVE WAY TO REDUCE YOUR BLOOD ALCOHOL CONTENT (BAC)?
- a. Drinking coffee
 - b. Exercising
 - c. Allow your body time to get rid of alcohol**
 - d. Taking a cold shower
33. IF A CAR AHEAD OF YOU HAS STOPPED AT A CROSSWALK, YOU SHOULD:
- a. Stop and then proceed when safe**
 - b. Change lanes, look carefully, and pass
 - c. Slow down, look both ways, and proceed
 - d. Drive to the right edge of the road and stop
34. WHEN PARKING YOUR VEHICLE FACING UPHILL WITH A CURB, YOU SHOULD POINT YOUR FRONT WHEELS:
- a. Into the curb

- b. Away from the curb**
 - c. Either into or away from the curb
 - d. Straight ahead
- 35. IF YOU EXPERIENCE SLIPPING, SKIDDING OR HYDROPLANING WHILE DRIVING, YOU SHOULD:
 - a. Slowly ease the gas pedal
 - b. Do not turn or stop quickly, turn slowly and only as needed
 - c. Gently pump disc brakes or use ABS brakes as directed
 - d. All of the above**
- 36. DRIVERS MUST USE TURN SIGNALS WHEN:
 - a. Changing lanes and making turns
 - b. Entering and exiting freeways
 - c. Driving toward or away from a curb or roadside
 - d. All of the above**
- 37. YOU MUST USE YOUR SEAT BELT:
 - a. Unless you are riding in a vehicle built before 1978
 - b. Unless you are riding in a limousine
 - c. And failure to do so may result in a traffic ticket**
 - d. Only when driving on a highway
- 38. WHEN YOU DRIVE THROUGH AN AREA WHERE CHILDREN ARE PLAYING, YOU SHOULD EXPECT THEM:
 - a. To know when it is safe to cross
 - b. To stop at the curb before crossing the street
 - c. To run out in front of your without looking**
 - d. Not to cross unless they are with an adult
- 39. TO MAKE A RIGHT TURN START IN THE RIGHT-HAND LANE AND END IN:
 - a. The left lane
 - b. The lane closest to the curb**
 - c. Any lane available
 - d. The center lane



40. THIS SIGN MEANS:

- a. Slow down if an emergency vehicle is approaching
- b. Look both ways as you cross the intersection
- c. Always come to a full stop at the intersection
- d. Slow down and be prepared to stop if necessary**

41. YOU ARE WAITING IN THE INTERSECTION TO COMPLETE A LEFT TURN. YOU SHOULD

- a. Signal and keep your wheels turned to the left
- b. Signal and keep your wheels straight**
- c. Flash your headlights so the driver will let you get through
- d. Drive around the rear of a car if it blocks you

42. A BROKEN YELLOW CENTER LINE ON THE ROADWAY MEANS:

- a. You are in a no passing zone
- b. Passing on the left with due care is allowed**
- c. Reduce your speed ahead
- d. No turns are allowed

43. WHICH OF THESE SIGNS IS USED TO SHOW THE END OF A DIVIDED HIGHWAY?





c.



d.